

Rijkswaterstaat Ministerie van Infrastructuur en Waterstaat

A deformation-based planning tool for regional levelling campaigns

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NAP network









NAP network

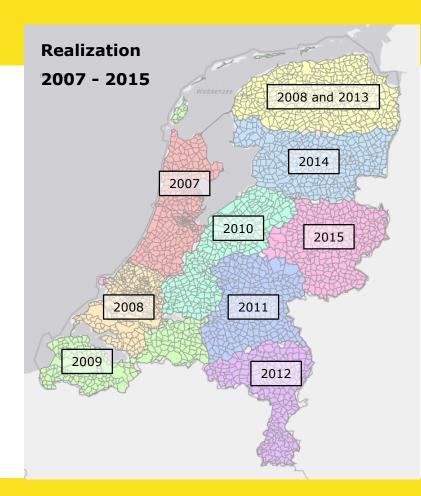
Regional densification by 2nd order levelling

Original strategy:

- 10 year repeat cycle
- 3000 km levelling per year

But:

- Actual realization depends on budget
- Not optimized w.r.t. deformation





NAP network

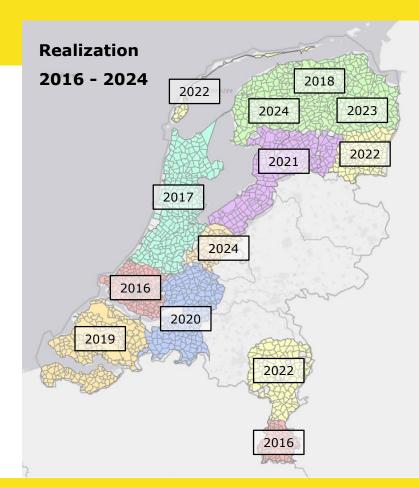
Regional densification by 2nd order levelling

Adapted strategy (since 2018):

- Transition to deformation-based planning
- 2500 km levelling per year

But:

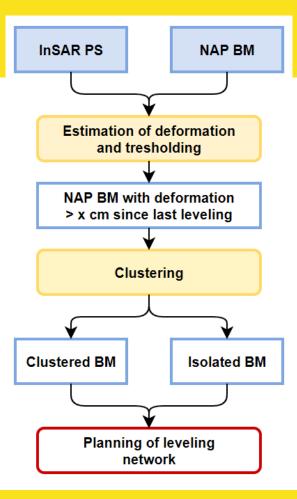
 Annual assessment of region, no multiyear planning





Deformation-based planning

General idea: deforming areas are visited more often and stable areas less



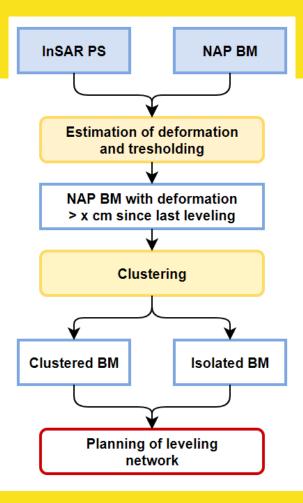


Deformation-based planning

General idea: deforming areas are visited more often and stable areas less

Initial strategy based on deformation of individual NAP benchmarks

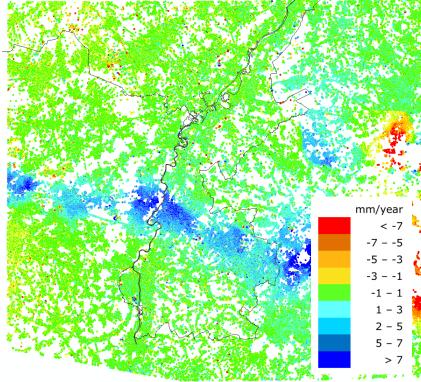
- Estimation of deformation using nationwide InSAR deformation map
- 2. Tresholding: find BM with more than x cm since last measurement
- 3. Clustering of BM
- 4. Network planning and survey





Input data:

- Deformation rates estimated from RADARSAT-2 data
- NAP benchmark information
- Building outlines to distinguish between deep and shallow deformation



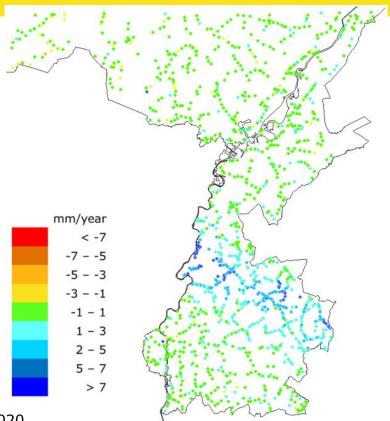
see: Alberts et al. (2020), https://doi.org/10.5194/piahs-382-25-2020



Input data:

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Deformation at NAP BM estimated using Squared-IDW (max distance 50 m)

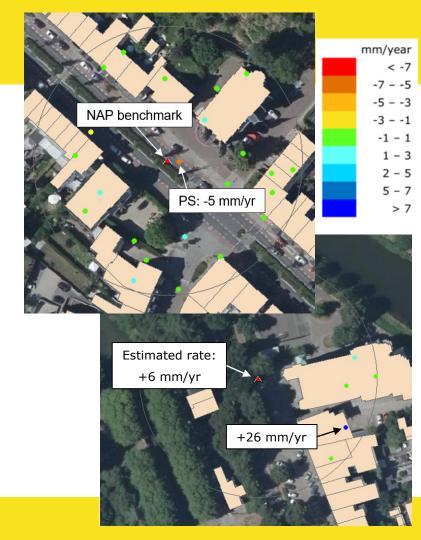


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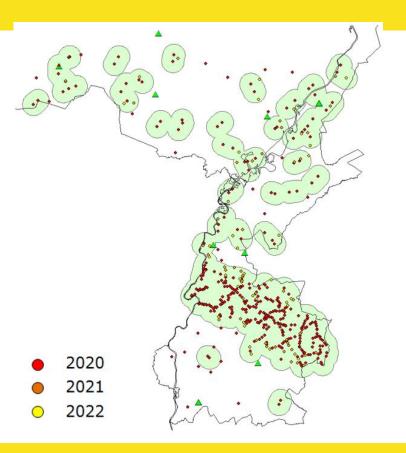
Challenges:

- Impact of outliers in InSAR data near NAP BM
- Inaccuracy of the XY-location of NAP BM
- No InSAR PS near NAP BM



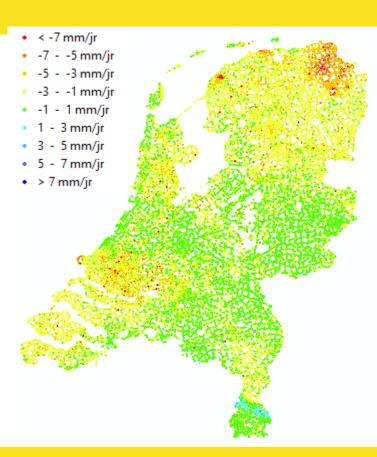


- Identification of BM that show deformation > 1cm since last levelling (in 2020)
- 2. Clustering of BM that exceed treshold + adding BM that would be selected in next years (2021 and 2022)
- 3. Use clusters and scattered BM to plan levelling network





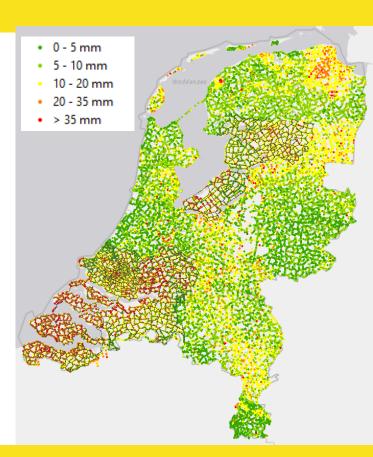
Deformation at benchmarks estimated from nationwide InSAR deformation map





Deformation at benchmarks estimated from nationwide InSAR deformation map

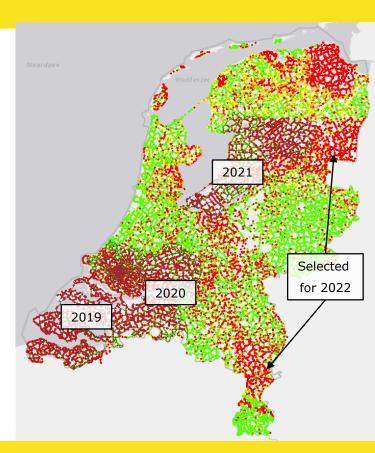
→ Total deformation since last levelling (estimated for 2022)





Deformation at benchmarks estimated from nationwide InSAR deformation map

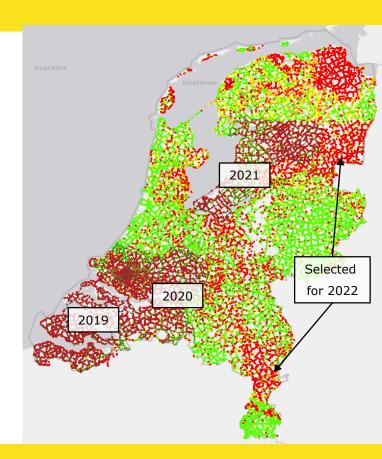
- → Total deformation since last levelling (estimated for 2022)
- → Benchmarks with a deformation > 1 cm in 2022 since last levelling





Limitations of this approach:

- Benchmarks that have exceeded the threshold may be scattered all over the country
- Resulting levelling networks may be too small to connect to stable primary benchmarks
- ⇒ Annual assessment of region, no tool for multi-year planning

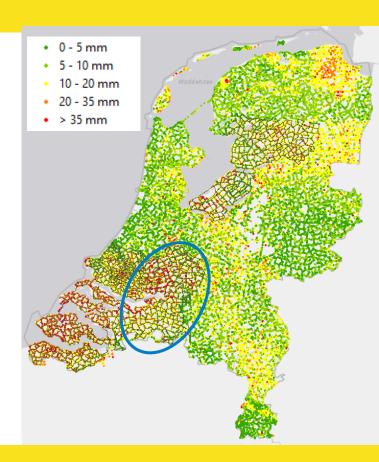




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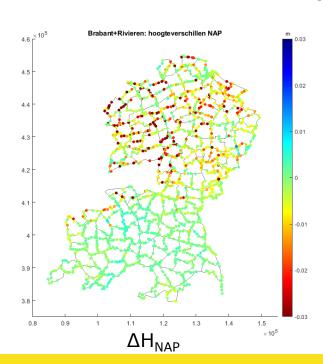
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Can we use InSAR deformation map to update NAP heights?





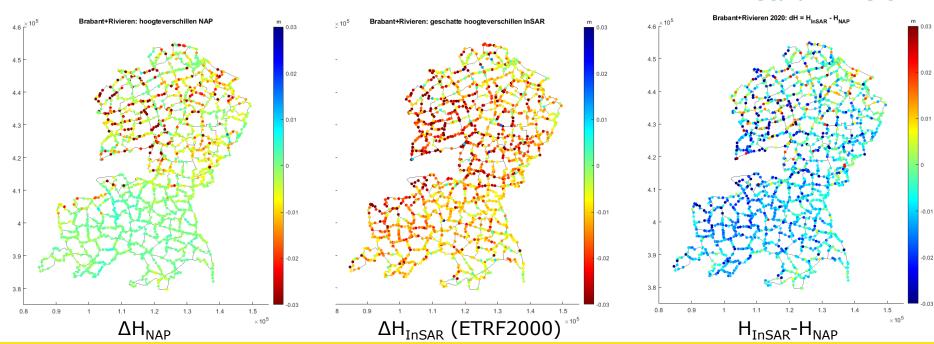
Use InSAR to update NAP heights?





Use InSAR to update NAP heights?

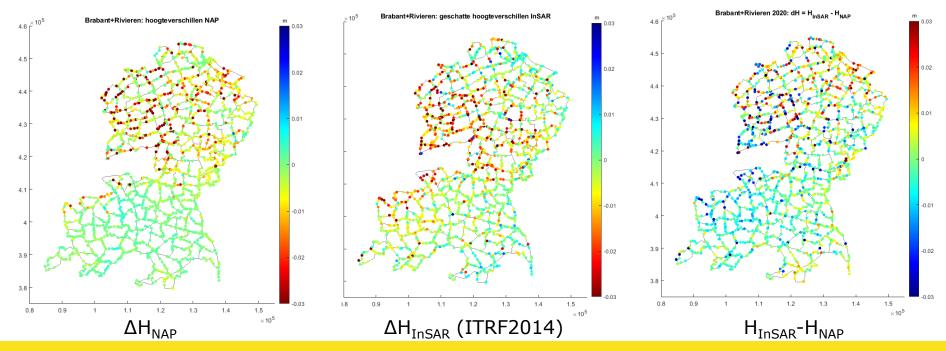
Mean diff: 0.9 cm Std diff: 1.3 cm





Use InSAR to update NAP heights?

Mean diff: 0.0 cm Std diff: 1.3 cm

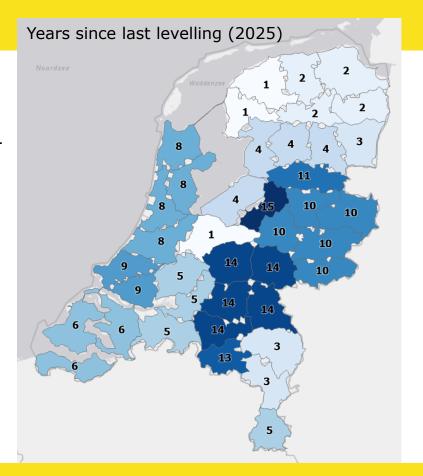




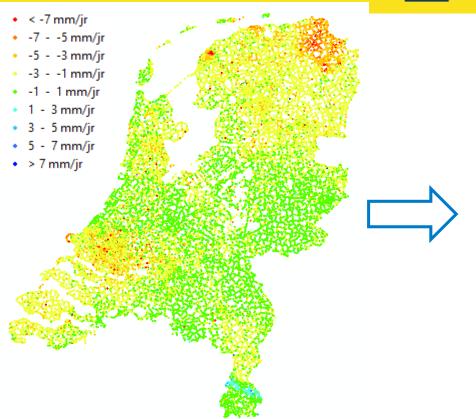
Region-based approach that allows for multiyear planning:

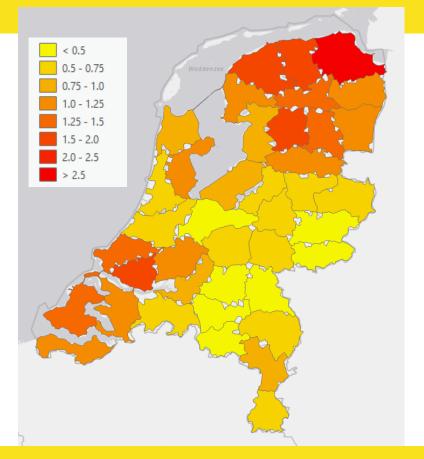
- 40 regions
- 600 650 km levelling per region
- At least 4 primary BM
- Average deformation estimated from InSAR data

Tool developed by P. Steenkamp (internship report, 2022)







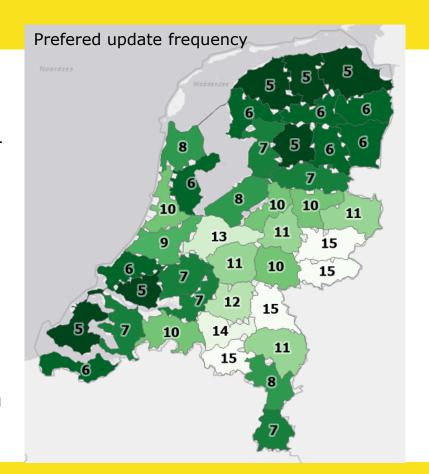




Region-based approach that allows for multiyear planning:

 Estimated deformation d used to determine prefered update frequency:

- Ranking of regions based on index *i* computed from *F* and number of years since last levelling: $i=\Delta y/F$
- Constrained to minimum 5 and maximum 15 years





Region-based approach that allows for multiyear planning:

- 4 regions selected per year
- Planning may be optimized





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To do:

- Finetuning of parameters
- Use EGMS to estimate deformation
- Communication to users
- Add deformation information to BM info

