National Geographic Institute

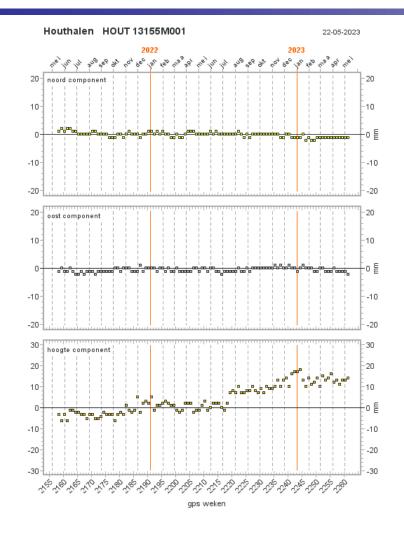
Royal Observatory of Belgium





AGN (Active Geodetic Network)







RTK networks operated since 2003:

- Operated by regional governmental agencies and federal NGI
- NGI is responsible for initial coordinates and monitoring of stations
- All information and results on our website (https://agn.ngi.be)









EPN Densification project

- > Since the beginning of 2015, NGI is taking part in the EPN Densification project
- > Week 1656 (2 October 2011) up to week 2237 (update: 26 November 2022) submitted

Reprocessing

All Belgian data will be reprocessed in IGS20

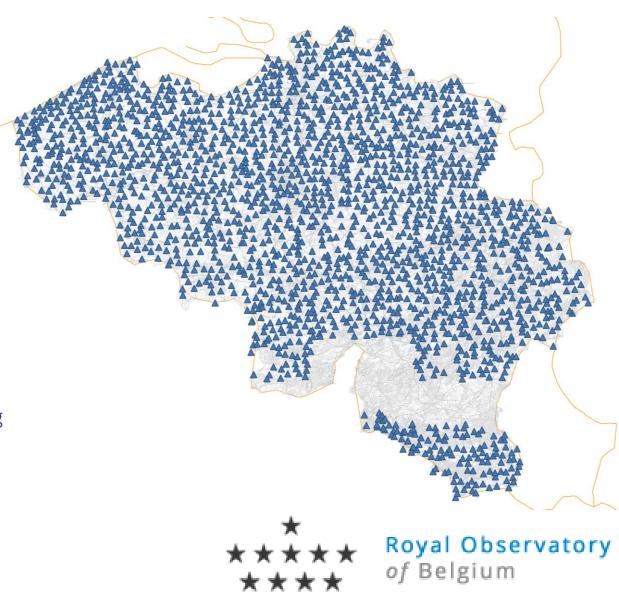




3D-network: 2034 points (≈90%)



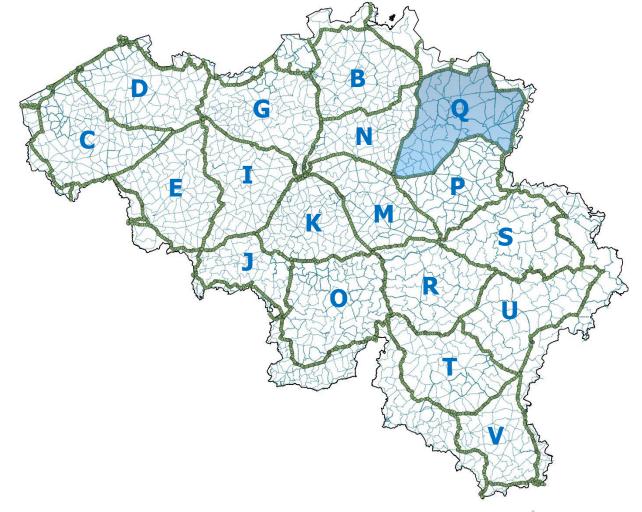
- Started in 2018
- Begin 2024
- GNSS friendly
- Good accessibility
- > Stainless steel nails in existing solid concrete surfaces
- Coordinates determined with static GNSS and spirit levelling







New first order spirit levelling









Ground Movement Analysis using MT-InSAR

Project together with Geological Survey of Belgium, ULiege, TUDelft



PBLB



DOEL



PBCM







Coordinate systems



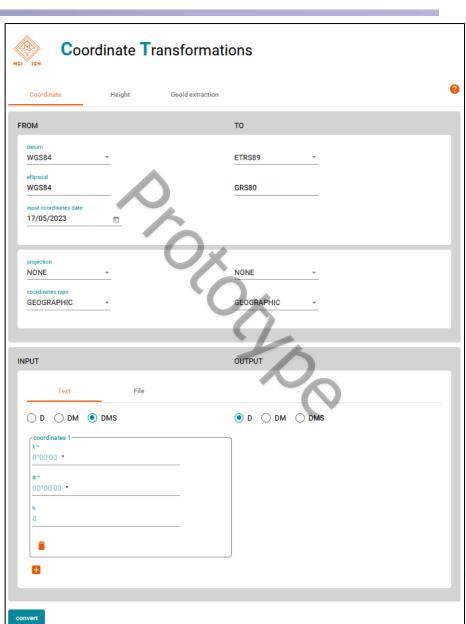
Lambert1950

- Predecessor of Lambert1972
- Digitalisation of historical data printouts
- Matched with common points in database
- > Tool developed to create local transformation parameters

New Coordinate Transformation tool

- REST API (REST= Representational state transfer)
- > Java library
- Angular (framework) used to create web-app and standalone at once
- > Added WGS84 (ITRF2014) <-> ETRS89 (ETRF2000) functionality
- Added EVRS and EGM height systems





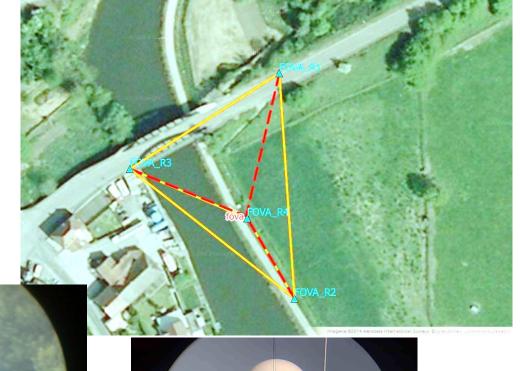


RTK networks: terrestrial measurements

- Changes in coordinates: Why?
- Independent technique from GNSS observation



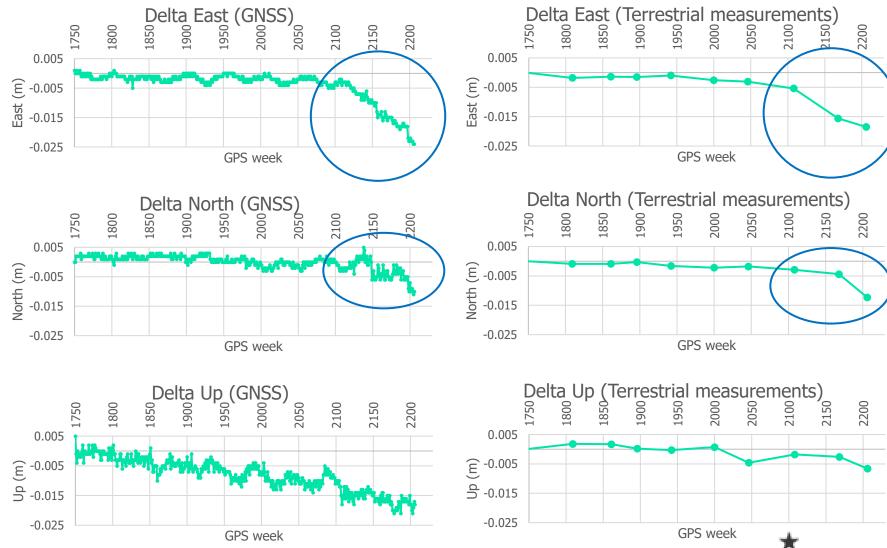






Case study PITM (Pittem) => PTTM









Database



- Geodesy Oracle database has been transformed to Postgres database
- > This will be integrated in the main database of the institute
- Tests and validations are ongoing

Varia

- Regional governments will reduce # of reference stations
- Ground motion near the Belgian coast will be investigated
- Co-location main tide gauge and GNSS (Ostend)
- Both NGI and ROB represent Belgium in UN-GGIM / WG Geodetic Reference Frames





Royal Observatory of Belgium



- > 1. EPN Central Bureau and M3G
- 2. EPN analysis center providing rapid and final position estimates for EPN stations to EUREF
- > 3. EPN densification analysis center (481 GNSS stations in and around Belgium)
- > 4. EPN reference frame coordinator
- > 5. EPN Historical Data Center
- 6. EPN Regional Broadcaster (www.euref-ip.be)





Royal Observatory of Belgium – some highlights



- In order to progress toward the application of FAIR data principles in 2022-2023, the EPN Historical Data Centre managed by ROB, started to operationally collect data provenance information for all new incoming daily RINEX data. This information:
 - includes the origin of the RINEX files in the Historical Data Center (HDC),
 - the modifications (if any) occurred to the RINEX header,
 - as well as information on the issues (if any) encountered when reading the RINEX file.
- ➤ ROB, together with open science experts at Ghent University, also has organized a webinar "Putting the FAIR principles into practice: the journey of a GNSS data repository" on October 11th, 2022 and the recordings are available from https://fair-gnss.oma.be/webinar.php.
- POB implemented a supervised machine-learning algorithm to automatically identify possible position outliers in EPN stations caused by degraded data quality.
 - > The algorithm was trained using the position time series of EPN stations
 - Along with six GPS daily data quality indicators generated by the EPN CB.

Through this process, it is possible to identify the most important GPS data quality indicators explaining outliers in the GPS position time series.

> As an EPN and EPN densification analysis center, ROB will start soon with its reprocessing in IGS20



